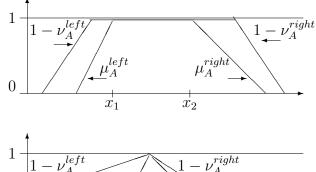
## Remark on intuitionistic fuzzy numbers Krassimir T. Atanassov

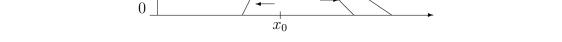
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1. During the last almost 20 years some definitions of the concept of "Intuitionistic Fuzzy Number" (IFN) were introduced (see, e.g., [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]). Here some new definitions of the concept of an IFN will be introduced.

In general, the geometrical forms of the IFNs in the above mentioned papers are the following



and



 $\mu_A^{left}\mu_A^{righ}$ 

For both cases we require the functions  $\mu_A$  and  $\nu_A$  to satisfy the following conditions:

$$\max_{y \in E} \mu_A(y) = \mu_A(x) = 1,$$
$$\min_{y \in E} \nu_A(y) = \nu_A(x) = 0,$$

for each  $x \in [x_1, x_2]$  and

 $\mu_A$  is increasing function from  $-\infty$  to  $x_1$ ;

 $\mu_A$  is decreasing function from  $x_2$  to  $+\infty$ ;

 $\nu_A$  is decreasing function from  $-\infty$  to  $x_1$ ;

 $\nu_A$  is increasing function from  $x_2$  to  $+\infty$ 

for the first case, or

$$\max_{y \in E} \mu_A(y) = \mu_A(x_0) = 1,$$
$$\min_{y \in E} \nu_A(y) = \nu_A(x_0) = 0;$$

and

 $\mu_A$  is increasing function from  $-\infty$  to  $x_0$ ;  $\mu_A$  is decreasing function from  $x_0$  to  $+\infty$ ;  $\nu_A$  is decreasing function from  $-\infty$  to  $x_0$ ;

 $\nu_A$  is increasing function from  $x_0$  to  $+\infty$ 

for the second case.

Obviously, in both cases the functions  $\mu_A$  and  $\nu_A$  can be represented in the form

$$\mu_A = \mu_A^{left} \cup \mu_A^{right},$$
$$\nu_A = \nu_A^{left} \cup \nu_A^{right},$$

where  $\mu_A^{left}$  and  $\nu_A^{left}$  are the left, while  $\mu_A^{right}$  and  $\nu_A^{right}$  are the right sides of these functions. Therefore, the above conditions can be re-written in the (joint) form:

$$\max_{y \in E} \mu_A(y) = \mu_A(x) = 1,$$
$$\min_{y \in E} \nu_A(y) = \nu_A(x) = 0,$$

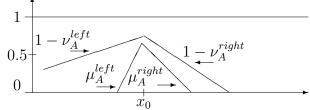
for each  $x \in [x_1, x_2]$  and in the particular case, when  $x_1 = x_0 = x_2$ ,

 $\mu_A^{left}$  is increasing function;  $\mu_A^{right}$  is decreasing function;  $\nu_A^{left}$  is decreasing function;  $\nu_A^{right}$  is increasing function.

2. Now, we shall generalize this definition, changing the condition for maximal values of  $\mu_A$  and minimal values for  $\nu_A$  to the form:

$$\max_{y \in E} \mu_A(y) = \mu_A(x_0) > 0.5 > \nu_A(x_0) = \min_{y \in E} \nu_A(y).$$

Obviously, the first definition is included in the second one. Now, the geomeitrical interpretation - for simplicity, below we shall work only with the second case discussed above - is the following:



3. The second generalization of the above definitions, again changes the condition for maximal values of  $\mu_A$  and minimal values for  $\nu_A$ , but now, to the form:

$$\max_{y \in E} \mu_A(y) = \mu_A(x_0) > \nu_A(x_0) = \min_{y \in E} \nu_A(y).$$

Obviously, the first two definitions are included in the third one.

4. Finally, in the third generalization of the above three definitions we omit the condition for maximal values of  $\mu_A$  and minimal values for  $\nu_A$ , keeping only the conditions for increasing and decreasing of the two functions.

Obviously, the first three definitions are included in the fourth one.

The present short communication is only a first step, showing some new possibilities for introducing of the concept of an IFN. In future the properties of the new types of IFNs must be studied and its real applications will be searched.

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